Tikrit University

College of Nursing

Basic Nursing Sciences



First Year - 2023-2024

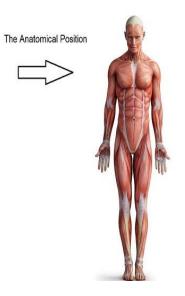
English

(Title: Anatomical Position)

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Anatomical Position

- **1.** The person stands erect
- **2.** The face directed forward.
- **3.** The upper limbs are straight by sides
- **4.** The palms of the hands are directed forward.
- 5. The legs close together.



Some Patient Positioning

Prone position; the person lies flat with the chest down and the

backup.



• **<u>Supine position</u>**; patient lying on his or her back.



• <u>left lateral position</u>, the patient lies on the left side of their **body**



• **<u>right lateral position</u>**, the patient lies on the right side of their body



* Fowler's position,

- the patient is seated in a semi-sitting position (45-60_degrees)
- is typically used for neurosurgery and shoulder surgery



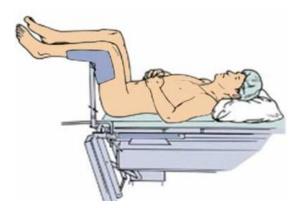
* Trendelenburg position,

- the body in supine position, on a 15–30-degree incline
- with the feet elevated above the head.
- is used in surgery, especially of the abdominal and genitourinary system.



Iithotomy position ;

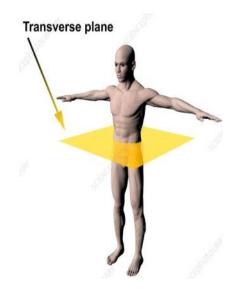
- the patient lying on your back
- with your thigh flexed 90 degrees at your hips joint.
- Your knees will be bent at 70 to 90 degree ,
- can be used during childbirth



* Anatomical Planes

A. Transverse Plane

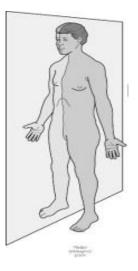
***** it divides the body into upper and lower parts



B. Vertical plane

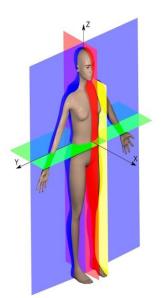
• mid sagittal plane (median plan);

- is a vertical plane passes through the middle of body,
- $\circ~$ it divides the body into equal right and left halves



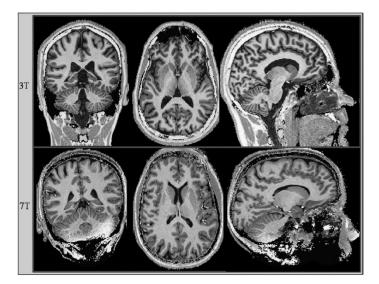
• <u>. parasagittal plane</u>

- ✤ parallel to sagittal plane,
- ✤ it divides the body into unequal right and left halves



• <u>Coronal Plane;</u>

- is A vertical plane running from side to side
- it divides the body into anterior and posterior parts





Anatomical terms of position

- **1.** Anterior (ventral); it means nearer to the **front** of the body
- 2. Posterior (dorsal); it means nearer to the back of the body
- 3. Superior (cranial); it means nearer to the head
- 4. inferior (caudal). it means. any nearer to the feet
- 5. Superficial .it means nearer to the skin
- 6. Deep.it means faraway from skin
- 7. Medial.it means nearer to the middle line
- 8. Lateral .it means away from middle line
- 9. proximal: it means nearer to the point of origin.
- 10. distal: it means far away from the point of origin

